

North Hunterdon-Voorhees Regional High School District
Annandale, NJ
May 8, 2018

The following regulations are presented for the first and only reading – (R) denotes regulation, (M) denotes mandatory:

First and Only Reading of Mandatory Regulations:

- Reg 7420.1 Bloodborne Pathogen Exposure Control Plan (M) (Revised)
- Reg 7422 School Integrated Pest Management Plan (M) (New)
- Reg 7650 School Vehicle Assignment, Use, Tracking, Maintenance and Accounting (M)
(New)
- Reg 8140 Enrollment Accounting (M) (Revised)
- Reg 8420.4 Kidnapping (M) (New)
- Reg 8420.10 Active Shooter (M) (New)
- Reg 8461 Reporting Violence, Vandalism, Harassment, Intimidation, Bullying, Alcohol, and
Other Drug Abuse (M) (Previous adoption date not recorded)
- Reg 8465 Hate Crimes and Bias-Related Acts (M) (Revised)
- Reg 9270 Home Schooling and Equivalent Education Outside the Schools (M) (Revised)
- Reg 6470 Payment of Claims (Abolish)
- Reg 6740 Reserve Accounts (Abolish)

Regulation 7420.1 Bloodborne Pathogen Exposure Control Plan

A. Definitions

1. "Bloodborne pathogens" means pathogenic microorganisms that are present in human blood and can cause disease in human beings, including but not limited to Hepatitis B Virus (HBV) and Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV).
2. "Exposure incident" means a specific eye, mouth, other mucous membranes, non-intact skin, or parenteral contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials that results from the performance of an employee's duties.
3. "Occupational exposure" means reasonably anticipated skin, eye, mucous membrane, or parenteral contact with blood or any other body fluid that may result from the performance of an employee's duties.
4. "Parenteral" means piercing mucous membranes or the skin barrier through such events as needle sticks, human bites, cuts, and abrasions.
5. "Source individual" means any individual, living or dead, whose blood or other potentially infectious materials may be a source of occupational exposure to the employee.

B. Exposure Determination

The employees in this school district who have occupational exposure are those employees whose duties require close contact with ~~pupils~~ students and include the job classifications designated by the Superintendent.

C. Workplace Controls

1. Universal precautions shall be observed to prevent contact with blood or other potentially infectious materials. All body fluids shall be considered potentially infectious materials, whether or not the presence of bloodborne pathogens is determined and whether or not body fluid types can be differentiated.
2. All blood and body fluids shall be handled in accordance with Regulation No. R 7420, Handling and Disposal of Body Wastes and Fluids, which is incorporated herein as if set forth in its entirety.

D. Hepatitis B Vaccination

1. Hepatitis B vaccination shall be made available to each employee identified as having occupational exposure, after the employee has received training in bloodborne pathogens and within ten working days of his or her initial assignment, unless
 - a. The employee has previously received the complete hepatitis B vaccination series,
 - b. Antibody testing has revealed that the employee is immune,
 - c. The vaccine is contraindicated for medical reasons, or

- d. The employee declines to receive the vaccine and signs the required statement to that effect, except than an employee who has declined to receive the vaccine and later decides to receive it shall be again offered the vaccine.
2. Hepatitis vaccination shall be made available without cost to employees, at a reasonable time and place, under the supervision of a licensed physician or other licensed healthcare professional, and in accordance with recommendations of the U.S. Public Health Service current at the time of the vaccination.
3. All laboratory tests shall be conducted by an accredited laboratory at no cost to the employee.

E. Post Exposure Evaluation and Follow-Up

Whenever an exposure incident is reported, the exposed employee shall be promptly offered a confidential medical evaluation and follow-up.

1. The route(s) of exposure and the circumstances under which exposure occurred shall be documented.
2. The identity of the source individual shall be documented, unless the Board establishes that identification is not feasible or is prohibited by state or federal law.
3. Unless the identified source individual's infection with HBV or HIV infection is already known, the identified source individual's blood shall be tested for HBV and HIV infectivity, provided that the source individual has consented to the test for HBV and HIV infectivity or when consent is not required by the law. When the source individual is already known to be infected with HBV or HIV, testing for the source individual's known HBV or HIV status need not be repeated, or the law requires no such consent.
4. The results of any blood testing of the source individual shall be made available to the exposed employee, and the employee shall be informed of all laws and regulations regarding disclosure of the identity and infectious status of the source individual.
5. The exposed employee's blood shall be collected as soon as possible after the exposure and on the employee's consent for HBV and HIV serological status. The employee may withhold consent for HIV serological testing for up to ninety days, during which his or her blood sample shall be preserved.
6. The exposed employee shall be offered post-exposure prophylaxis, when medically indicated, as recommended by the U.S. Public Health Service; counseling; and evaluation of any reported illnesses.

F. Communication of Hazards to Employees

Any container that holds blood or other potentially infectious material shall be conspicuously labeled with a sign that its contents are a biohazard, in accordance with federal regulations. 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030(g).

G. Training Program

1. Employees with occupational exposure must participate in a training program, which shall be provided at no cost to the employee and during working hours.
2. Employees shall receive training on their initial assignment to a position with occupational exposure within ninety days after the effective date of the exposure and bi-annually thereafter. Employees shall also receive training whenever any modifications in the position affects exposure except that any such training may be limited to the new exposures created.
3. Training materials shall be appropriate in content and vocabulary to the educational level, literacy, and language of employees.
4. The training program shall include as a minimum:
 - a. An accessible copy of the OSHA regulation on bloodborne pathogens, 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030, and an explanation of its contents,
 - b. A general explanation of the epidemiology and symptoms of bloodborne diseases,
 - c. An explanation of the modes of transmission of bloodborne pathogens,
 - d. An explanation of this Exposure Control Plan and the means by which the employee can obtain a copy of the plan,
 - e. An explanation of the appropriate methods for recognizing tasks and other activities that may involve exposure to blood and other potentially infectious materials,
 - f. An explanation of the use and limitations of methods that will prevent or reduce exposure, including work practices and personal protective equipment,
 - g. Information on the types, proper use, location, removal, handling, decontamination, and disposal of personal protective equipment,
 - h. An explanation of the basis for selection of personal protective equipment,
 - i. Information on the hepatitis B vaccine, including information on its efficacy, safety, method of administration, the benefits of vaccination, and the free availability of the vaccine and vaccination,
 - j. Information on the appropriate actions to take and persons to contact in an emergency involving blood or other potentially infectious materials,
 - k. An explanation of the procedure to be followed if an exposure incident occurs, including the method of reporting that incident and the medical follow-up that will be made available,
 - l. Information on the post-exposure evaluation and follow-up that the employer is required to provide after an exposure incident,
 - m. Information regarding the labeling of biohazardous materials, and
 - n. An opportunity for interactive questions and answers with the person conducting the training session.
5. The person conducting the training shall be knowledgeable in the subject matter covered as is relates to the workplace that the training will address.

H. Recordkeeping

1. The district will establish and maintain an accurate medical record for each employee with occupational exposure in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1020. The record shall include:
 - a. The name and social security number of the employee;
 - b. A copy of the employee's hepatitis B vaccination status including the dates of all the hepatitis B vaccinations and any medical records relative to the employee's ability to receive vaccinations required by Section D. of this regulation;
 - c. A copy of all results of examinations, medical testing, and follow-up procedures as required by Section E. of this Regulation;
 - d. The district's copy of the healthcare professional's written opinion as required by 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030 (f)5;
 - e. A copy of the information provided to the healthcare professional as required by 29 C.F.R. 1910.1030 (f)(4)ii(B)(C) and (D);
 - f. The district shall ensure the employee's medical records required in Policy 7420 and this Regulation are kept confidential and are not disclosed or reported without the employee's express written consent to any person within or outside the workplace except as required by law; and
 - g. The medical records required in this section must be maintained by the district for at least the duration of employment of the employee plus thirty years in accordance with 29 CFR 1910.1020.
2. The district will maintain training records for three years from the date on which the training occurred. These records shall include:
 - a. The dates and contents or summary of the training sessions; and
 - b. The names and qualifications of persons conducting the training and the names and job titles of all persons attending the training sessions.
3. The district will ensure the training records required by this section of the Regulation be made available to authorized State and federal agencies, employees, and employee representatives upon request. Employee medical records required by this section of the Regulation shall be provided upon request for examination and copying to the subject employee, to anyone having written consent of the subject employee, and to authorized State and federal agencies in a accordance with State and federal laws.

4. The district shall comply with the requirements involving the transfer of records set forth in 29 CFR 1910.1020(h).

5. The district shall establish and maintain a sharps injury log for the recording of percutaneous injuries from contaminated sharps. The information in the log shall be recorded and maintained in such a manner as to protect the confidentiality of the injured employee. The log shall contain, at a minimum: the type and brand of device involved in the incident; the department or work area where the exposure incident occurred; and an explanation of how the incident occurred. This log shall be maintained for the period required by 29 CFR 1904.6.

I. District's Exposure Control Plan

1. The District's Exposure Control Plan shall be reviewed at least annually and whenever necessary to reflect new or modified tasks and procedures that affect occupational exposure and to reflect new or revised employee positions with occupational exposure. The review and update of the Plan shall also

a. Reflect changes in technology that eliminate or reduce exposure to bloodborne pathogens; and

b. Document annually consideration and implementation of appropriate, commercially-available, and effective safer medical devices designated to eliminate or minimize occupational exposure.

J. Staff Input

1. The District Facilities Manager shall solicit input from non-managerial employees who are potentially exposed to injuries from contaminated sharps in the identification, evaluation, and selection of effective engineering and work practice controls and shall document this solicitation in the Exposure Control Plan.

Adopted: 1 May 2001

Revised:

Regulation 7422 SCHOOL INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT PLAN (M)

A. Definitions

1. “Commissioner” means the Commissioner of Environmental Protection.
2. “Department” means the Department of Environmental Protection.
3. “Integrated Pest Management Coordinator” or “coordinator” means an individual who is knowledgeable about integrated pest management systems and has been designated by the Board, as the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) pursuant to the New Jersey School Integrated Pest Management Act. The IPMC is authorized to perform the statutory IPM responsibilities of the Board of Education.
4. “Low Impact Pesticide” means any pesticide or pesticidal active ingredient alone, or in combination with inert ingredients, that the United States Environmental Protection Agency has determined is not of a character necessary to be regulated pursuant to the “Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act,” 7 U.S.C. s.136 et seq. and that has been exempted from the registration and reporting requirements adopted pursuant to that act; any gel; paste; bait; antimicrobial agent such as a disinfectant used as a cleaning product; boric acid; disodium octoborate tetrahydrate; silica gels; diatomaceous earth; microbe-based insecticides such as bacillus thuringiensis; botanical insecticides, not including synthetic pyrethroids, without toxic synergists; and biological, living control agents.
5. “Pesticide” means any substance or mixture of substances labeled, designed, intended for or capable of use in preventing, destroying, repelling, sterilizing or mitigating any insects, rodents, nematodes, predatory animals, fungi, weeds and other forms of plant or animal life or viruses, except viruses on or in living man or other animals. “Pesticide” shall also include any substance or mixture of substances labeled, designed or intended for use as a defoliant, desiccant or plant regulator.
6. “Plan” means the school district’s goals regarding the management of pests and the use of pesticides on all school property. The plan shall be developed in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 13:1f-19 through 33.
7. “School” means any public or private school as defined in N.J.S.A. 18A:1-1.
8. “School Integrated Pest Management Policy” means a managed pest control policy that eliminates or mitigates economic, health, and aesthetic damage caused by pests in schools; that delivers effective pest management, reduces the volume of pesticides used to minimize the potential hazards posed by pesticides to human health and the environment in schools; that uses integrated methods, site or pest inspections, pest

population monitoring, an evaluation of the need for pest control, and one or more pest control methods, including sanitation, structural repair, mechanical and biological controls, other non-chemical methods, and when non-chemical options are ineffective or unreasonable, allows the use of a pesticide, with a preference toward first considering the use of a low impact pesticide for schools.

9. "School pest emergency" means an urgent need to mitigate or eliminate a pest that threatens the health or safety of a student or staff member.
10. "School property" means any area inside and outside of the school buildings controlled, managed, or owned by the school district.
11. "Staff member" means an employee of the school district, including administrators, teachers, and other persons regularly employed by the school district, but shall not include an employee hired by the school district or the State to apply a pesticide or a person assisting in the application of a pesticide.
12. "Universal notification" means notice provided by the school district to all parents or legal guardians of children attending a school, and staff members of the school district.

B. Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC)

The District Facilities Manager shall be designated the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) of the school district. The Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) shall:

1. Maintain information about individual schools, the school district's Integrated Pest Management Policy, and about pesticide applications on the school property of the schools within the school district;
2. Act as a contact for inquiries about the School Integrated Pest Management Policy; and
3. Maintain material safety data sheets, when available, and labels for all pesticides that are used on the school property or in the schools in the school district.

C. Maintenance of Records of Pesticide Application; Notices of Policy

The IPMC shall request from the pesticide applicator and shall maintain records of pesticide applications used on school property or for each school in the school district for three years after the application, and for five years after the application of a pesticide designed to control termites, and on request, shall make the data available to the public for review.

A notice of the school district's Integrated Pest Management Policy shall be included in school calendars or another form of universal notification to students and parent(s) or legal guardian(s). The notice shall include:

1. The school district's Integrated Pest Management Policy;
2. A list of any pesticide that is in use or that has been used in the last twelve months on school district property at each school location;
3. The name, address, and telephone number of the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) of the school district;
4. A statement that:
 - a. The IPMC maintains the product label and material safety data sheet, when available, of each pesticide that may be used on school property;
 - b. The label and data sheet is available for review by a parent, legal guardian, staff member, or student attending the school; and
 - c. The Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) is available to parents, legal guardians, and staff members for information and comment.
5. The time and place of any Board meetings that will be held to adopt the School Integrated Pest Management Policy; and
6. The following statement:

“As part of a school pest management plan, the School District may use pesticides to control pests. The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) register pesticides to determine that the use of a pesticide in accordance with instructions printed on the label does not pose an unreasonable risk to human health and the environment. Nevertheless, the EPA and DEP cannot guarantee that registered pesticides do not pose any risk to human health, thus unnecessary exposure to pesticides should be avoided. The EPA has issued the statement that where possible, persons who are potentially sensitive, such as pregnant women, infants and children, should avoid unnecessary pesticide exposure.”

After the beginning of each school year, the IPMC, in conjunction with the Building Principal(s), shall provide this notice to each new staff member who is employed during the school year and to the parent(s) or legal guardian(s) of each new student enrolled during the school year.

D. Permitted Use of Certain Pesticides; Notice

If it is determined that a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, must be used on school property, the pesticide may be used only in accordance with the requirements of N.J.S.A. 13:1F-25.

1. The Principal, upon prior notice from the IPMC, shall provide notice to a parent or legal guardian of each student enrolled at the school and each staff member of the school, at least seventy-two hours before a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, is used on school property. The notice shall include:
 - a. The common name, trade name, and federal Environmental Protection Agency registration number of the pesticide;
 - b. A description of the location of the application of the pesticide;
 - c. The date and time of application, except that, in the case of outdoor pesticide applications, one notice shall include three dates, in chronological order, on which the outdoor pesticide applications may take place if the preceding date is cancelled;
 - d. A statement that the Office of Pesticide Programs of the United States Environmental Protection Agency has stated: "Where possible, persons who potentially are sensitive, such as pregnant women, infants, and children, should avoid any unnecessary pesticide exposure";
 - e. A description of potential adverse effects of the pesticide based on the material safety data sheet, if available, for the pesticide;
 - f. A description of the reasons for the application of the pesticide;
 - g. The name and telephone number of the school district's IPMC; and
 - h. Any additional label instruction and precautions related to public safety.
2. The notice required by D.1. above may be provided by:
 - a. Written notice sent home with the student and provided to each staff member;
 - b. A telephone call;
 - c. Direct contact;
 - d. Written notice mailed at least one week before the application; or
 - e. Electronic mail.

3. If the date of the application of the pesticide must be extended beyond the period required for notice under this section, the Board shall reissue the notice required under D.1. above for the new date of application.

E. Posting of Sign Prior to Use of Certain Pesticides

At least seventy-two hours before a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, is used on school property, the IPMC shall post a sign that provides notice of the application of the pesticide in a prominent place that is in or adjacent to the location to be treated and at each entrance to the building or school ground to be treated.

A sign required for the application of a pesticide shall:

1. Remain posted for at least seventy-two hours after the end of the treatment;
2. Be at least 8½ inches by 11 inches; and
3. State the same information as that required for prior notification of the pesticide application pursuant to Section D.1. of this Regulation.

In the case of outdoor pesticide applications, each sign shall include three dates, in chronological order, on which the outdoor pesticide application may take place if the preceding date is canceled due to weather. A sign shall be posted after an outdoor pesticide application in accordance with 1, 2 and 3 above.

The requirement imposed pursuant to this section shall be in addition to any requirements imposed pursuant to the "Pesticide Control Act of 1971," P.L. 1971, c.176 (C.13:1F-1 et seq.), and any rules or regulations adopted pursuant thereto.

F. Applicability of Notice and Posting Requirements

The provisions of Sections D and E of this Regulation shall apply if any person applies a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, on school property, including a custodian, staff member, or commercial applicator. These provisions shall apply to a school during the school year, and during holidays and the summer months, only if the school is in use by children during those periods. During those periods, notices shall be provided to all staff members and the parents or legal guardians of the students that are using the school in an authorized manner.

G. Emergency Use of Certain Pesticides

A pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, may be applied on school property in response to an emergency, without complying with the provisions of Sections D and E of this Regulation, provided the following requirements are met:

1. The Building Principal shall, upon prior notice from the IPMC and within twenty-four hours after the application or on the morning of the next school day, provide to each parent or legal guardian of students enrolled at the school, and staff members of the school, notice of the application of the pesticide for emergency pest control that includes:
 - a. The information required for a notice under Section D of this Regulation;
 - b. A description of the problem and the factors that qualified the problem as an emergency that threatened the health or safety of a student or staff member; and
 - c. If necessary, a description of the steps that will be taken in the future to avoid emergency application of a pesticide pursuant to this section.

The district may provide notice required in G.1. above by:

1. Written notice sent home with the student and provided to the staff members;
2. A telephone call;
3. Direct contact; or
4. Electronic mail.

When a pesticide is applied pursuant to this section, the IPMC shall post a sign warning of the pesticide application at the time of the application of the pesticide in accordance with the provisions of Section E of this Regulation.

If there is an application of a pesticide pursuant to this section, the IPMC shall modify the School Integrated Pest Management Plan of the school district if necessary, to minimize the future emergency applications of pesticides under this section.

A pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, shall not be applied on school property where students are expected to be present for academic instruction or for organized extra-curricular activities prior to the time prescribed for re-entry to the application site by the United States Environmental Protection Agency on the pesticide label, except that if no specific numerical re-entry time is prescribed on a pesticide label, such a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, shall not be applied on school property where students are expected to be present for academic instruction or for organized extra-curricular activities within seven hours of the application.

A pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, shall not be applied in a school building when students are present. Students may not be present in an untreated portion of a school building being treated unless the area being treated with a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, is

served by a separate ventilation system and is separated from the untreated area by smoke or fire doors.

A low impact pesticide may be applied in areas of a school building where students will not contact treated areas until sufficient time is allowed for the substance to dry or settle, or after the period of time prescribed for re-entry or for ventilation requirements on the pesticide label has elapsed.

The requirements of this section shall not apply when pesticides are applied on school property for student instructional purposes or by public health officials during the normal course of their duties.

H. Immunity From Liability of Commercial Pesticide Applicator

A commercial pesticide applicator shall not be liable to any person for damages resulting from the application of a pesticide at a school if the damages are solely due to the failure of the IPMC to provide the notice required prior to the application of a pesticide pursuant to the provisions of sections 7, 8, 9, or 10 of P.L. 2002, c.117 (C.13:1F-25, C.13:1F-26, C.13:1F-27 or C.13:1F-28).

I. Development, Availability of Form for Certifying Compliance

The Department of Environmental Protection shall develop and make available to commercial pesticide applicators a form that a commercial pesticide applicator may request an Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) to sign prior to the application of a pesticide, other than a low impact pesticide, on school property. The form developed pursuant to this section shall set forth a certification by the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) that the notice and posting requirements for the application of a pesticide established pursuant to Sections D and E of this Regulation, or the posting requirement established pursuant to Section G of this Regulation, as appropriate, have met compliance requirements. Upon being presented by a commercial pesticide applicator with a form pursuant to this section, the signature of the Integrated Pest Management Coordinator (IPMC) shall be required as a condition for the application of the pesticide.

The Department of Environmental Protection may issue an administrative order against a local school Board that fails to adopt and implement a pesticide use and school Integrated Pest Management Policy in compliance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 13:1F-32.

The Commissioner shall adopt, pursuant to the provisions of the "Administrative Procedure Act," P.L.1968, c.410 (C.52:14B-1 et seq.), such rules or regulations as are necessary to implement the provisions of the School Integrated Pest Management Act.

Issued:

**Regulation 7650 SCHOOL VEHICLE ASSIGNMENT, USE, TRACKING, MAINTENANCE,
AND ACCOUNTING (M)**

A. School Vehicle Assignment and Use

The Board of Education, upon the recommendation of the Superintendent, may authorize, at its discretion, by an affirmative vote of the Board's full membership, the lease, lease-purchase, or purchase and assignment of school district vehicles for the conduct of official school district business.

1. The vehicles may be assigned either to individuals or to units within the school district for pool use according to the following classifications:
 - a. Vehicles may be assigned permanently and individually to the Superintendent, School Business Administrator/Board Secretary, the staff member serving as head of facilities services, the staff member serving as head of security services or other supervisory employees who, based on their job duties, may be called upon on a twenty-four hour, seven day-a-week basis. No individual assignment shall be made for the primary purpose of commuting.
 - b. A unit may be permanently assigned one or more school district pool vehicles only if employees of the unit will collectively use the vehicle or each vehicle for more than an average of 750 miles per month on official school district business. Pool vehicles shall not be used for the purpose of commuting and shall remain at a school district facility when not in official use.
2. Board members or employees may be temporarily assigned a school district vehicle for travel events.
3. In the event the operator of a school district vehicle believes their personal health (temporary or long-term) may impair their ability to safely operate a school vehicle, the operator shall inform their immediate supervisor and the school vehicle coordinator of the health problem and the expected duration of impairment. The operator's immediate supervisor or the school vehicle coordinator may coordinate a physical examination for the staff member in accordance with Policy 3160 or 4160.
4. Smoking, as defined in Policy 7434, is prohibited on "school grounds" and therefore, in accordance with the definition of school grounds in Policy 7434, smoking is prohibited in a school district vehicle at any time.
5. Vehicle use logs shall be maintained for all individual and pool assignments in order to accurately record all usage of each vehicle, including the driver, mileage, and starting and destination points.

6. All complaints of a potential misuse shall be investigated by the school vehicle coordinator and/or appropriate administrator and appropriate disciplinary action shall be taken. Any disciplinary action shall be progressive and uniform depending on the specific misuse.
7. All changes to vehicle assignment, whether pool or individual, shall require prior written approval of the Superintendent and the authorization of an affirmative majority vote of the full Board.
8. No luxury vehicle, one which exceeds the greater of \$30,000 or any current dollar limit established in IRS law or regulation, shall be purchased, lease-purchased, or leased by the school district. If a vehicle is assigned to the Superintendent, it may be a full size or intermediate, four-door sedan of the non-luxury class. All other vehicles shall be compact sedans, unless special passenger, cargo, equipment, or use requirements make the standard vehicle unsuitable for documented school district needs.
9. All damage to school district vehicles, regardless of cause, shall be reported within twenty-four hours to the school vehicle coordinator and the employee assigned to file insurance claims.
10. No physical alterations shall be made to a vehicle without prior Board approval.
11. Operators of a school district vehicle shall possess a valid driver's license to operate a vehicle in New Jersey. The school vehicle coordinator(s) shall be responsible to maintain a copy of each driver's license on file. In the event a driver's license is revoked, suspended or otherwise makes the driver unable to operate a school district vehicle in accordance with law, the driver shall immediately notify the school vehicle coordinator, who will immediately revoke the driver's authorization to operate a school district vehicle.
12. When a vehicle is due for routine maintenance in accordance with the manufacturer's schedule, the driver of an individually assigned vehicle or, in the case of a pool vehicle, the school vehicle coordinator shall be responsible for ensuring the vehicle receives the scheduled service.
13. A driver assigned a school district vehicle shall be responsible for the security of the vehicle and its contents.
14. Drivers shall be personally responsible for all fines accrued as a result of traffic violations related to operation of school district vehicles.
15. The driver, or the driver's supervisor, if the driver is incapacitated, of a school district vehicle involved in an accident resulting in damage to the school district vehicle or other

vehicle shall file, within twenty-four hours of the accident, a detailed written report with the school vehicle coordinator and the school district staff member responsible for making insurance claims.

16. Police shall be immediately notified of an accident by the driver or school vehicle coordinator, if the driver is incapacitated. A copy of the police report shall be submitted to the school vehicle coordinator and the school district staff member responsible for making insurance claims as soon as possible.
17. If a school district vehicle is misused in any of the following ways, the driver's driving privileges for school district vehicles shall be suspended or revoked, and additional disciplinary action shall be taken as appropriate:
 - a. Frequent violation of traffic laws;
 - b. Flagrant violation of traffic laws;
 - c. Operation of a vehicle which the police or insurance company determined was the cause of an accident;
 - d. Use of a vehicle for unauthorized use whether personal use, business use, or commuting;
 - e. Violation of these rules or school district policy governing the assignment, use, operation, repair, and/or maintenance of vehicles. This includes the failure to submit a vehicle for routine maintenance as called for in the manufacturer's routine maintenance schedule;
 - f. Operation of a vehicle while impaired to any degree, or under the influence of alcohol or narcotics as defined by State statutes;
 - g. Use of a school district vehicle by an unauthorized individual while assigned to an employee;
 - h. Use of a school district vehicle to transport any person or child, other than in the course of their assigned duties and responsibilities; and/or
 - i. Use of radar detectors in school district vehicles.

The Board shall implement a progressive and uniform mandatory disciplinary program to be applied as necessary in the event it is determined a staff member misused a school vehicle.

B. School Vehicle Inventory Control Record

The school vehicle coordinator(s) shall be responsible to maintain the following inventory control records for every school district vehicle:

1. Vehicle make, model and year;
2. Vehicle identification numbers (VIN);
3. Original purchase price;
4. Date purchased;
5. License plate number;
6. Person assigned or pool if not individually assigned;
7. Driver's license number of person assigned and the expiration date;
8. Insurer and policy number of person assigned; and
9. Usage category such as regular business, maintenance, security, or student transportation.

C. Driving Record of Operators of School District Vehicles

The school vehicle coordinator(s) shall be responsible to obtain and maintain the following driving records of operators of school district vehicles:

1. Name of driver;
2. Drivers license number and expiration date;
3. Insurer and policy number of person assigned;
4. Motor vehicle code violations;
5. Incidents of improper or non-business usage;
6. Accidents; and
7. Other relevant information.

D. Record of Maintenance, Repair and Body Work for School District Vehicles

The school vehicle coordinator(s) shall be responsible to maintain the following records of maintenance, repair and body work for each school vehicle:

1. Vehicle make, model and year;
2. Vehicle identification numbers (VIN);
3. Original purchase price;
4. Date purchased;
5. License plate number;
6. Usage category such as regular business, maintenance, security or student transportation;
7. Manufacturer's routine maintenance schedule;
8. Category of work performed (routine maintenance, repair or body work);
9. Purchase order number;
10. Date work was performed;
11. Detailed description of work performed;
12. Mileage on date work was performed; and
13. Cost of work performed.

All records maintained by the school vehicle coordinator(s) shall be maintained in the school district office of the school vehicle coordinator(s).

Issued:

Regulation 8140 ENROLLMENT ACCOUNTING (M)

A. School Enrollment

- 1. The enrollment in a class, a school, or the district shall be the total number of original entries plus the number of re-entries, less the number of transfers, withdrawals or dropouts in any such unit during a school year. The total number of original entries and re-entries, less the number of transfers, withdrawals or dropouts, in all the classes and schools of the district shall constitute the school enrollment for the school district during any school year.
- 2. No student attending a school operated by this district shall be enrolled in more than one school register in the school district during a school year. All students shall be enrolled as of the first day of attendance for that year.
- 3. No student shall be enrolled in a school register until the student has reached the following legal school age:
 - a. Kindergarten - more than four years and less than six years;
 - b. Day school - more than five years; or
 - c. Preschool disabled - more than three years and less than five years.
- 4. Within ten days of the start of the school year, the district shall determine whether any re-entering student who has not attended school that year has an excused absence or has transferred, withdrawn, or dropped out of the school district.
- 5. Any student enrolled in a school register in a school district who moves to another school district in the same school year shall be enrolled in one register in the new school district upon entering school in that school district.
- 6. The average daily enrollment in the district for a school year shall be the sum of the days present and absent of all enrolled students when schools were in session during the year, divided by the number of days schools were actually in session. The average daily enrollment for the classes or schools of the district having varying lengths of terms shall be the sum of the average daily enrollments obtained for the individual classes or schools.
- 7. The average daily attendance in the district for a school year shall be the sum of the days present of all enrolled students when schools were in session during the year, divided by the number of days schools were actually in session. The average daily attendance for the classes or schools of the district having varying lengths of terms shall be the sum of the average daily attendance obtained for the individual classes or schools.

B. Application for State School Aid

Pursuant to the requirements of N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-33, the district shall file with the Commissioner of Education an Application for State School Aid in accordance with the following procedures:

~~In compliance with law and regulation and Policy No. 8140, a count of pupils enrolled in the district as of the last school day prior to October 16 shall be conducted in accordance with the following procedures:~~

1. **Counting Procedure**

- a) Each employee responsible for the maintenance and safe keeping of a school register (and whose name appears on the cover of the register) shall conduct a count of the pupils-students entered in the register on the last school day prior to October 16.
- b) The count shall include all pupils-students who have attended school since the beginning of the school year, by original entry or reentry, and shall exclude all pupils-students who have been removed from the register by transfer or dropout.
- c) The count shall be recorded on a form, and the form shall be submitted to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee no later than October 16.

2. **Data Collection**

- a) The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee shall assign responsibility for the preparation of worksheets to document the compilation of register data.
- b) Completed worksheets shall be submitted to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee who shall compare the data submitted on the worksheets to the register count submitted in accordance with A-B.1.a.
- c) The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall reconcile all inconsistencies between worksheet data and register counts and submit final enrollment counts to the Superintendent or designee no later than November 15.

3. **Application for State School Aid Submission**

The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary or designee shall complete the Application for State School Aid and submit the application to the Superintendent for approval.

Issued: 1 May 2001

Revised:

Regulation 8420.4 KIDNAPPING (M)

A. Definition

1. A person is a victim of kidnapping:
 - a. When a person is unlawfully removed from the school or school grounds; or
 - b. When a person is unlawfully confined with the purpose of holding the victim for ransom, reward, as a shield, or hostage; or
 - c. When a person is unlawfully removed from the school or school grounds or a substantial distance from where he or she is found in school or on school grounds; or
 - d. When a person is unlawfully confined for a substantial period of time with any of the following purposes:
 - (1) To facilitate commission of a crime or flight thereafter, or
 - (2) To inflict bodily injury on or terrorize the victim.

B. Procedures

1. The following procedures shall be implemented in the event there is reason to believe a student has been kidnapped. The Building Principal or designee will:
 - a. Immediately notify the Superintendent of Schools;
 - b. Check school records to determine whether there is a legal custody issue;
 - c. Contact the student's parent(s) or legal guardian(s); and
 - d. Notify the local law enforcement agency.

The Building Principal or designee will be prepared to provide law enforcement authorities information about the student (to the extent possible) including: a physical description of the student; any photograph of the student; information regarding known friends of the student; the names of any potential witnesses to an abduction; a description of an abductor; and other information that may be helpful to law enforcement in locating the student.

2. The Building Principal or designee will alert school staff to the possible kidnapping and solicit staff assistance in obtaining information that may be helpful to law enforcement in locating the student.
3. The administrative staff will encourage all staff members remain calm to prevent panic.

Issued:

Regulation 8420.10 ACTIVE SHOOTER (M)

An active shooter or armed assault in a school building or on school grounds involves one or more individuals' intent on causing physical harm to students and school staff. Intruders may possess weapons or other harmful devices. In an active shooter situation, one or more subjects who are believed to be armed has used or threatened to use a weapon to inflict serious bodily injury to another person and/or continues to do so while having unrestricted access to additional victims, their actions have demonstrated their intent to continuously harm others, and their overriding objective appears to be that of mass injury.

A. Procedures in the Event of an Active Shooter in the School or on School Grounds

1. If the Principal or designee determines there is an active shooter in the school or on school grounds he/she will immediately:
 - a. Order a lockdown of the school building. The notification may be a public address announcement or may be a discreet notification depending on the circumstance or situation;
 - b. Contact local law enforcement;
 - c. Inform the Superintendent of Schools;
 - d. Deactivate fire alarm pull stations without disengaging the fire sensors, if feasible, until law enforcement officials arrive on scene;
 - e. Deactivate school bell systems, if feasible, until law enforcement officials arrive on scene; and
 - f. Direct staff and students outside the building, if the active shooter is believed to be in the building, to move immediately to a predetermined evacuation assembly location and be prepared to evacuate the school site, if necessary.
2. The Principal and/or designee will also:
 - a. Communicate to any staff outside the building to stop pedestrians and vehicles, including school buses, from entering the school grounds;
 - b. Assign a staff member in the main office to maintain communication with classrooms and monitor status and, if needed, designate a staff member to meet and brief local law enforcement upon their arrival;
 - c. Determine, in consultation and with the approval of the Superintendent of Schools, the most appropriate means to communicate information to be released to parents, community, and media; and

- d. Will allow local law enforcement officials to control the scene upon their arrival.
3. School staff members, upon receiving notice there may be an intruder or active shooter in the school building or on school grounds, will:
- a. If not already confirmed, upon first indication of an intruder or armed intruder will immediately notify the Principal or designee;
 - b. Turn off all lights, close blinds/shades, and turn off electronic equipment;
 - c. Instruct students to be absolutely quiet and not to use any individual electronic communication device;
 - d. Instruct classroom occupants to get on the floor in a sitting or crouching position and direct students away from doors and windows wherever possible;
 - e. Close and lock doors and windows from inside the room, if possible;
 - f. Secure all staff, students, and visitors, including those in the hallways, behind locked doors, restrooms, gymnasiums, and other non-classroom building areas without risking their own safety or the safety of others already secure;
 - g. Not permit anyone to leave a secured room or area until notified by the Principal or designee or law enforcement officials; and
 - h. Ignore bells or alarms unless otherwise notified by the Principal or designee or law enforcement officials.
4. Any school staff member not supervising students at the time of the lockdown notification should go to the nearest classroom or secure area to assist other staff members with students. These staff members should ensure any person in hallways and other unsecured and open areas are taken to the nearest classroom and/or secured area.
5. Teachers shall take student attendance for the students within their secured area and report any additional students in the room and any missing students.
6. Office personnel should remain in the general office areas or any other area that can be secured. All office doors shall be locked and secured to prevent entrance by an outside intruder.
7. The building's occupants should remain in lockdown condition until an announcement indicating the lockdown is over.

8. Physical education classes using outside facilities, under the direction and supervision of the teacher, shall report to the nearest school entrance and upon entering the building locate to a secure classroom or location within the building. If there is reason to believe students outside the school building may be at risk re-entering the building, the students may be directed to another secure location off school grounds and/or away from the building.
9. The school may establish a predetermined code word or procedure for a staff member to communicate with the school office or administrative staff in the event an intruder enters a classroom or other secured area.
10. The Principal or designee may establish with local law enforcement officials a notification procedure in the event an active shooter or intruder is believed to be in the school building. The notification procedure would alert law enforcement officials if a classroom or other secured area is safe and secure or if emergency assistance is needed. The procedure may be a color card system placing colored cards inside or outside doors or windows or any other procedure agreed to by the Principal and local law enforcement.

B. Procedures After Active Shooter Situation is Brought Under Control

1. After the active shooter situation has been brought under control, the Principal or designee or law enforcement officials will communicate to building occupants the active shooter situation has ended.
2. Evacuation of the building after the active shooter situation has been declared under control shall be under the direction of the Principal or designee and law enforcement officials.
3. The Principal or designee, in consultation and with the approval of the Superintendent of Schools, will coordinate family reunification procedures.
4. The school district will provide school district staff and other crisis response team members to provide counseling and support as needed.
5. The Principal or designee will debrief with local law enforcement and all other agencies involved in the active shooter situation.
6. The Superintendent of Schools, in consultation with the Principal and law enforcement officials, will determine when school can resume normal activities and will communicate this information to staff, parents, and the community.

These active shooter procedures are recommended for implementation in the event it is determined an active shooter may be in a school building or on school grounds. However, based on the circumstance or

situation, the Principal or designee or law enforcement officials may modify these procedures if he/she determines modification is needed to best protect the building's occupants.

Critical Incident Response Procedures for School Administrators, Faculty and Staff – The New Jersey Office of Homeland Security and Preparedness and the New Jersey Department of Education - 2010

Issued:

Regulation 8461 REPORTING VIOLENCE, VANDALISM, HARASSMENT, INTIMIDATION, BULLYING, ALCOHOL, AND OTHER DRUG ABUSE (M)

Any school employee who observes or has direct knowledge from a participant or victim of an act of violence or the possession or distribution of alcohol or other drugs on school grounds, and any school employee who reports a ~~pupil~~student for being under the influence of alcohol or other drugs, according to the requirements of N.J.S.A. 18A:40A-12 and N.J.A.C. 6A:16-4.3, shall file a report describing the incident to the school Principal, in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:17-46. The report shall be on a form to include all of the incident detail and offender and victim information that are reported on the Electronic Violence and Vandalism Reporting System (EVVRS). A report alleging an incident of harassment, intimidation, or bullying shall be made in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:37-13.1 and Policy 5512.

A. Reporting Violence, Vandalism, Alcohol or Other Drug Use

1. For each incident report of violence, vandalism, or alcohol or other drug abuse, the Principal shall:
 - a. Review the incident report for accuracy in indicating the incident type, offender information, victim information, ~~pupil~~student demographics, and incident location;
 - b. Forward a copy of the incident report to the Superintendent; and
 - c. Notify the Superintendent of the action taken regarding the incident.
2. The Board shall not discharge or subject to any manner of discrimination any school employee who files a report pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.3.
3. The majority representative of the school employees' bargaining units shall have access monthly to the number and disposition of all reported acts of school violence, vandalism, harassment, intimidation, or bullying pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:17-46.
 - a. Personally identifying information may be provided to the majority representative of the school employees' bargaining units only in instances when school administrators have reason to believe that the safety of a school staff member is at risk.

B. Reporting Requirements

1. The Superintendent shall:
 - a. Submit a report to the Department of Education in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:17-46 of each incident of violence, vandalism and alcohol and other drug abuse in the school district utilizing the EVVRS;
 1. Prior to submission, the Superintendent shall review the report to verify that it is an accurate and final report of all incidences of violence and vandalism in all of the schools in the school district;
 2. Verify that the data entered onto the EVVRS are correct and in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:16-7.1(a) 6; and
 3. Provide for the annual training of staff to prepare them to fulfill the reporting requirements set forth in N.J.A.C. 6A:16-5.3.

C. Hearing Requirements

The Superintendent shall report to the Board all acts of violence, vandalism, harassment, intimidation, bullying, and incidents of alcohol and other drug abuse that occurred during the previous reporting period in accordance with the provisions of N.J.S.A. 18A:17-46.

D. Knowingly Falsifying the Annual Violence and Vandalism Report Required Under N.J.S.A. 18A:17-46

1. Whenever it is alleged that a school employee has knowingly falsified the report, the Board shall make a determination regarding whether the employee committed the act.
2. Any employee alleged to have knowingly falsified the report shall be notified in writing of such allegation and shall be entitled to a hearing before the Board.
 - a. The hearing shall take place within thirty business days of the date on which the employee is notified of the allegation;
 - b. The employee shall be entitled to be represented by a person of his or her choosing and to present witnesses on his or her behalf; and
 - c. The Board shall notify the employee of its determination in writing within five school days of the hearing.
3. Upon determination by the Board that an employee has knowingly falsified the report, it shall take one or more of the following actions:
 - a. Impose minor discipline on a tenured or non-tenured employee notwithstanding any other law to the contrary and if negotiated with the majority representative of the employees in the appropriate collective bargaining unit;
 - b. Withhold a tenured or non-tenured employee's increment for predominantly disciplinary reasons, which shall be subject to the grievance procedures established pursuant to law and shall be subject to the grievance procedures of section 8 of N.J.S.A. 34:13A-29;
 - c. File tenure charges with the Secretary of the Board in writing and with a written statement of evidence under oath to support such charges;
 - d. Terminate employment for an employee:
 1. For tenured employees, the termination shall be in accordance with the outcome of the proceedings in D.3.c. above; or
 2. Impose such other disciplinary sanctions as may be authorized by law.
4. Any action taken by the Board pursuant to D.3. above shall be based on its consideration of the nature of the conduct, the circumstances under which it occurred, and the employee's prior employment record.
5. Any employee having been found responsible for the falsification of the report by the Board shall have the right to:
 - a. File a grievance under their respective bargaining agreements;
 - b. Appeal the Board's determination to the Commissioner of Education in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:3-1.3 through 1.17 and subsequently to the State Board of Education; or
 - c. Appeal the decision to the Superior Court of New Jersey.
6. The availability of appeal options shall be based upon the action taken by the Board.

A Board of Education shall submit and implement corrective action plans for high incidences of violence, vandalism, or alcohol or other drug abuse upon notification by the Commissioner of Education.

Issued:

**Regulation 8465 HATE CRIMES AND BIAS INCIDENTS OCCURRING ON SCHOOL
GROUNDS OR INVOLVING PUPILS-RELATED ACTS (M)**

A. Definitions

- 1.—A hate crime is any criminal offense where the person or persons committing the offense acted with a purpose to intimidate an individual or group of individuals because of race, color, gender, disability, religion, sexual orientation, or ethnicity, suspected or confirmed offense or unlawful act which is directed at or occurs to a person, private property, or public property on the basis of race, color, religion, sexual orientation or ethnicity. An offense is bias based and thus constitutes a hate crime if the motive for the commission of the offense or unlawful act is racial, religious, ethnic or pertains to sexual orientation. The designated bias incident offenses are:
- | | |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1. Murder | 10. Criminal Mischief |
| 2. Manslaughter | 11. Damage to Property |
| 3. Rape | 12. Weapons Offenses |
| 4. Robbery | 13. Sex Offenses |
| 5. Aggravated Assault | 14. Terroristic Threats |
| 6. Burglary | 15. Trespass |
| 7. Simple Assault | 16. Disorderly Conduct |
| 8. Fear of Bodily Violence | 17. Harassment |
| 9. Arson | 18. Desecration of Venerated Objects |
2. A bias-related act incident is an act any suspected or confirmed offense or unlawful act which is directed at or occurs to a person, group of persons, private property, or public property that is motivated in whole or in part by on the basis of racial, gender, disability, race, color, religion, sexual orientation or ethnicity prejudice. An act is bias based. A bias-related act need not involve an act and thus that constitutes a bias incident if the motive for the commission of the act or unlawful act is racial, religious, ethnic or pertains to sexual orientation. A bias incident need not involve an act which constitutes an criminal offense. All hate crimes are also bias-related acts, but not all bias-related acts will constitute a hate crime.

B. Procedure For Reporting Hate Crimes

1. A school employee will notify the building principal whenever the school employee, in the course of his/her employment, develops reason to believe that:
 - a. A hate crime has been committed or is about to be committed on school property; or
 - b. A hate crime has been or is about to be committed by any student, whether on or off school property and whether or not such offense was or is about to be committed during operating school hours, or
 - c. That a student enrolled in the school has been or is about to become the victim of a hate crime, whether committed on school property or during school hours.
2. The building principal will notify the Superintendent, the appropriate Police Department and Bias Incident Officer for the county prosecutor's office.

3. The Principal and the Superintendent shall notify the appropriate Police Department and the county prosecutor's office immediately if there is reason to believe that a hate crime that involves an act of violence has been or is about to be physically committed against a student or there is otherwise reason to believe that a life has been or will be threatened.

C. Procedure For Reporting Bias Incidents

1. A school employee should notify the building principal whenever the school employee, in the course of his/her employment, develops reason to believe that:
 - a. A bias incident has been committed or is about to be committed on school property;
 - b. A bias incident has been or is about to be committed by any student, whether on or off school property and whether or not such bias incident was or is to be committed during school hours.
2. The building principal will notify the Superintendent and the appropriate Police Department.
3. In deciding whether to refer the matter of a bias-related act ~~incident~~ to the appropriate Police Department and the county prosecutor's office, the building principal and the Superintendent, should consider:
 - a. The nature and seriousness of the conduct;
 - b. The risk that the conduct posed to the health, safety and well-being of any student, school employee or member of the general public.
4. The building principal will consult with the Superintendent and should consider
 - a. That the police department or the county prosecutor's office may possess, or have access to, other information that could put the suspected bias-related act in proper context, which could shed light on the motivation for the act or some other unsolved hate crime; and
 - ~~b. The possibility that the suspected incident could escalate or result in some form of retaliation which might occur within or outside school property.~~

D. Nature of Referral

1. The mandatory referral for suspected or committed hate crimes and the presumptive referral for suspected or committed bias-related acts ~~incidents~~ as described in the regulation is only a request to the law enforcement agencies to conduct an investigation and is nothing more than the transmittal of information which may be pertinent to any such law enforcement investigation.
2. Any referral in accordance with this regulation is not an accusation or formal charge.
3. Any referral pursuant to this regulation is predicated on the basis of reasonable suspicion, which is less than probable cause, less than the proof sufficient to sustain an adjudication of delinquency or a finding of guilt in a court of law and less than the proof sufficient to justify the imposition of school discipline.
4. All doubts by school officials should be resolved in favor of referring a matter to the appropriate Police Department or the county prosecutor's office.

E. Concurrent Jurisdiction

1. Unless the appropriate Police Department or the county prosecutor's office request otherwise, the school district will continue to investigate a suspected hate crime or bias-related act ~~incident~~ occurring on school property and may take such actions as necessary and appropriate to redress and remediate any such acts.
2. The school officials will discontinue the in-school investigation if the appropriate Police Department or the county prosecutor's office believe the school investigation could jeopardize an on-going law enforcement investigation or otherwise endanger the public safety.

F. Preservation of Evidence

1. School officials will secure and preserve any such graffiti or other evidence of a suspected hate crime or bias-related ~~act-incident~~ pending the arrival of the appropriate Police Department or the county prosecutor's office.
2. The school officials, when feasible, will cover or conceal such evidence until the arrival of the appropriate Police Department or county prosecutor's office; in a manner designed to minimize the harm and continued exposure to students by such evidence, but that will not permanently damage or destroy such evidence or otherwise limit its utility in an ongoing investigation or prosecution.
3. The appropriate Police Department and/or the county prosecutor's office will photograph or otherwise document the location and content of any such graffiti or other bias-based evidence as soon as possible, so that the graffiti or other evidence may be removed or eliminated at the school district's earliest opportunity.

N.J.A.C. 6:29-10.1 et seq.

Issued: 1 May 2001

Revised:

Regulation 9270 HOME SCHOOLING AND EQUIVALENT EDUCATION (M)

Home schooling is an educational program provided at home, usually by the parents/~~legal guardians, or other person having custody and control~~ of the child. Children are taught using their own curriculum or published home school curriculum. The Board of Education recognizes that home schooling is an option for parents/legal guardians under the compulsory education law.

For the purposes of this Regulation, "parent" shall mean parent, legal guardian, and other person having custody and control of a child between the ages of six and sixteen.

A. Legal Requirement for Compulsory Attendance

1. N.J.S.A. 18A:38-25 requires all children six to 16 years to attend the public schools or a day school in which there is given instruction equivalent to that provided in the public school for children of similar grades and attainments or to receive equivalent instruction elsewhere other than school.
2. The parent and/or legal guardian of a child that is home schooled is responsible to ensure their child receives instruction equivalent to that provided in the public school for children of similar grades and attainments or to receive equivalent instruction elsewhere other than school.
3. In the event ~~T~~the Superintendent determines there is credible evidence the parent, legal guardian, or other person having custody and control of a school-aged child is not causing the child to receive equivalent instruction elsewhere than at school, the Superintendent may request a letter of intent from the parent, legal guardian, or other person confirming the child is receiving equivalent instruction elsewhere than at school. may report to the appropriate municipal authorities those children whom he/she has reason to believe are not offered instruction outside the schools equivalent to that offered in the public schools for children of similar ages or attainments.
4. If the Superintendent makes a report, the parents and/or legal guardians of a pupil/student receiving instruction elsewhere other than school may, but is not required to, notify the Superintendent of their child's educational program status and provide sufficient information to satisfy the district that equivalent instruction is being offered.
5. Parents and/or legal guardians of A parent of a home schooled pupil/child is are not required to seek approval from the district or to submit materials to the Superintendent in order to permit it to make a determination as to the equivalency of the instruction.
- 5-6. The New Jersey Department of Education encourage a parent to notify the Superintendent of the intent to educate the child elsewhere than at school to avoid questions with respect to compliance with the compulsory education laws.

B. Truancy/Violations of Compelling Attendance

1. When a Superintendent and Board believe a person is not complying with the compulsory education law (N.J.S.A. 18A:38-25 et seq.) they must initiate truancy proceedings in municipal court where a parent may be found guilty of a disorderly persons offense and fined in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:38-27 and N.J.S.A. 18A:38-31.
2. If the parents/legal guardian are/is challenged in court by the Superintendent or Board, the district must demonstrate, beyond a reasonable doubt, that the parents are not providing a curriculum that is academically equivalent to that provided in the public school for a child of similar grade and attainment, the child is not receiving an education in accordance with N.J.S.A. 18A:38-25.

C. District Requirements for Home Schooled Pupil/Students

- a. ~~Unless requested by the parents, and agreed to by the school district, the school district is not required or permitted to:~~
- b. ~~Test a child educated at home;~~
- c. ~~Review the quality of instruction received at home; or~~
- 2. ~~To monitor the results of home instruction.~~
- 1. The Board is not required by law to allow a child educated elsewhere than at school to participate in the regular school curriculum or in extra-curricular or sports activities unless specifically provided in Board Policy, or required by Federal law, or State statute or administrative code.
- 3. ~~When children are educated at home and are not enrolled in a school, the school district will not provide entitlements or privileges of pupils enrolled in the school district unless specifically provided in the federal special education laws.~~
- 4.2. A child educated at home shall not receive a state endorsed high school diploma from the Board of Education.

D. ~~Pupil~~Students With Educational Disabilities

- 1. The Superintendent will consider requests for evaluation of all potentially disabled home schooled children and make determinations whether or not to conduct evaluations. Any written request from a parent of a home schooled child for special education evaluation of their child will be reviewed in a meeting of the Child Study Team (CST), the parent, the regular education teacher in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 6A:14-2.3. At this meeting, the current information about the child shall be reviewed to determine whether an evaluation is warranted.
 - a. If the school district's Child Study Team determines that an evaluation is required warranted, another determination shall be made regarding the assessment procedures. Written notice of the determinations shall be provided to the parent. Once the assessments are completed, a meeting in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-2.3 shall be held to determine whether the child is eligible for special education and related services., the procedures as outlined in N.J.A.C. 6:28-3.4 are followed.
 - b. If the child is eligible for special education and related services, the Child Study Team will determine a classification category and develop an individualized education program (IEP) in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:14-3.76:28-3.6. If the child is eligible for special education and related services, the district shall make a free, appropriate public education available only if the child enrolls in the district.
 - c. ~~Home schooled children with educational disabilities may be provided a special education program including related services.~~
 - d. ~~If a home schooled child with educational disabilities re-enrolls in the public school, the school district must implement the special education program describe in the IEP. The school district will also review the IEP annually and be ready to conduct re-evaluation every three years.~~
 - e.c. The school district will notify the parents/legal guardians of a classified child who is being educated at home to offer services as required by law. The documentation of this notice will be maintained in the child's record file.
 - f.d. Any determination by the school district Child Study Team regarding the provision of a special education program to a classified child who is being educated at home may be challenged by the parent/legal guardian in accordance with the provisions of N.J.A.C. 6A:14 et seq.

E. ~~Curricular and Co-Curricular Activities~~

When children are educated at home and are not enrolled in a school, the school district is not required to provide any of the entitlements or privileges of pupils enrolled in the school district unless specifically provided in the federal special education laws.

1. Curricular activities—Home schooled children will not be permitted to participate in school curricular activities, (e.g. field trips).
2. Co-Curricular activities—Home schooled children will not be permitted to participate in school co-curricular activities, (e.g. clubs and athletics).
3. Textbooks—The school district will not loan books or materials to home schooled children.

E. Shared-Time Vocational School District

Home schooled children are permitted to enroll in shared-time vocational programs, and once enrolled they become public school students and are entitled to payment of tuition and eligible for transportation.

Home Schooling in New Jersey

PTM NO. 1400.66 New Jersey Department of Education, 30 April 1997

Commissioner of Education Correspondence dated 9 April 1998

New Jersey Department of Education – Frequently Asked Questions: Home Schooling

Issued: 1 May 2001

Revised:

Regulation 6470 PAYMENT OF CLAIMS

A. Receipt of Goods and Services

1. The administrator who receives goods or services shall check them against the purchase order issued and determine whether the goods or services delivered meet the specifications and quantities set forth in the purchase order.
2. The receiving administrator will record his or her approval of the received goods or services on the goldenrod copy of the purchase order and return it to the business office. The yellow copy of the purchase order will be retained by the receiving administrator.
3. Any over supply, shortage, substitution, or other discrepancy must be reported immediately to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.

B. Approval of Invoice

1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall verify the vendor's invoice for the correct billing price and check the invoice for accurate extensions and omission of tax.
2. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary shall attach the vendor's invoice and voucher to the receiving copy received from the requisitioner and certifying satisfactory completion.
3. If an invoice exceeding \$150 in amount does not include a voucher, a voucher will be promptly sent for the vendor's verification.
4. If the invoice price exceeds the purchase order price, excluding shipping, the invoice will be referred to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.
5. If extensions are incorrectly calculated, the invoice will be returned to the vendor for correction.
6. If tax has been charged, the invoice will be returned to the vendor for correction with a copy of the district's tax exemption certificate.
7. If goods or services received were not satisfactory, the receiving officer and the vendor will be consulted in order to reach a resolution satisfactory to all parties.
8. The verified invoice, voucher (if necessary), verified receipt, and all accompanying papers will be forwarded to the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary.

C. Issuance of Warrants

1. The School Business Administrator/Board Secretary may prepare warrants for expenditures for which the Board has waived approval and which are listed in Policy No. 6470:
 - a. Interest on bonds as it becomes due,
 - b. Payments to redeem bonds as they become due,
 - c. Progress payments to contractors in accordance with a contract approved by the Board,
 - d. Warrants to cover payroll and approved agency account deposits.
2. Expenditures made without prior Board approval must be reported to the Board at its next meeting after the warrant is drawn.
3. All other demands for payment will be submitted to the Board.
4. In order to be submitted for approval at the Board's regular monthly meeting, demands for payment must be received by the business office no later than the fifteenth day of the month.
5. In accordance with Policy No. 6470, claims must be submitted to the Board in the form of a list that includes the:
 - a. Number, amount, and date of the warrant,
 - b. Payee,
 - c. Reason for the expenditure, and
 - d. Account charged.
6. When the expenditure has been approved, the School Business Administrator/Board Secretary will debit the correct account and credit the encumbrance.
7. A warrant will be prepared in payment of goods or services received no later than fifteen working days after the claim has been approved by the Board. The warrant number will be recorded on the file copy of the vendor's invoice.
8. All warrants shall be signed by the Board President, the Board Secretary, and the Treasurer of School Moneys.
9. Each warrant may be run through the checkwriter for imprint, by signature plates, of the signatures of the Board President, Board Secretary, and the Treasurer of School Moneys. Keys to the checkwriter locks will be removed from the checkwriter when it is not in use and will be secured.

Issued: 1 May 2001

Regulation 6740 RESERVE ACCOUNTS**A. Capital Reserve Account**

1. The Board of Education may, at any time establish by Board resolution a capital reserve account, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:21-2 and 3, and 18A:7G-31.
2. Funds in the capital reserve account shall not be used for current expenses, pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:22-8.2, and shall only be used:
 - a. To implement capital projects in the school district's Long-Range Facilities Plan (LRFP) as required pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7G-4(a) and N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2; and
 - b. To augment a capital project funded in whole or part by bond proceeds only when:
 1. The original referendum question separately listed the amount and portion of local share (or portion of total costs of a project receiving debt service aid) to be funded by capital reserve pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.7 and 3.12; or
 2. Voter approval, as appropriate, was received to augment the original approved question by special appropriation in a Type I school district, by separate question at a special election or through the appropriate line-items and supporting documentation in the base budget at the annual school election pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-4.4(a)3iii.
3. The Board of Education may increase the balance in the capital reserve account by:
 - a. Appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes to meet the needs of the LRFP that are not met by State support; or
 - b. Requesting approval from the Executive County Superintendent, as the Commissioner's designee, to appropriate any excess unreserved general fund balance as calculated in the supporting documentation of the proposed budget into capital reserve in the proposed budget pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7F-7b only when the Board of Education has:
 1. Formally established a capital reserve account; and
 2. Obtained an approved LRFP in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-2.
4. The Board of Education, at its option, may satisfy the withdrawal approval requirements set forth in 8. below when funds are deposited into the capital reserve account in the annual budget pursuant to 3.a. and 3.b. above using the designated line item, supporting documentation, and a statement of purpose in the advertised budget. The Board of Education shall include in its statement of purpose:
 - a. The amount of the deposit;
 - b. A description of the future capital project and purpose; and
 - c. A statement that "The amount represents expenditures for construction elements or projects that exceed the facilities efficiency standards determined by the Commissioner as necessary to achieve the Core Curriculum Content Standards."
5. The Board of Education may request express approval of the voters for appropriation of additional amounts into the capital reserve by a separate proposal at budget time, or by a special question at one of the four special elections authorized pursuant to N.J.S.A. 19:60-2. The amount expressly approved by the voters, as applicable, for deposit into a capital reserve may be from surplus or unrestricted local miscellaneous revenue only if such source is delineated in the question and/or special resolution.
6. The Board shall not deposit into a capital reserve account audited excess undesignated, unreserved general fund balance. The Board of Education shall reserve and designate such funds in the subsequent year's budget pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-8.5(b).
7. The Board of Education shall maintain an amount of funds in the capital reserve account that does not exceed the amount needed to implement the capital projects in a school district's LRFP that are not met by State support.
 - a. If the amount in capital reserve exceeds the amount authorized in 7 above, the Board of Education shall withdraw the excess and reserve and designate it in the subsequent year's budget.
 - b. The Board of Education shall ensure that all excess amounts in the capital reserve account identified in the annual audit, required pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:23-1 and procedures developed by the Commissioner, are reserved and designated in the subsequent year's budget.
8. The Board of Education may withdraw funds from the capital reserve account at any time as follows:
 - a. By Board resolution for the transfer of funds to the line items in the capital outlay major account/fund to fund pre-development or other pre-application costs associated with architects, lawyers, and construction managers for school facilities projects included in the approved LRFP;
 1. Pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-4.2(a), a Board that used capital reserve for such costs in a capital project funded in part or in whole by bond proceeds has the option to reimburse the general fund from the capital projects fund after approval of the referendum or resolution;
 - b. By Board resolution for the transfer of funds to the line items in the capital outlay major account/fund to fund the local share less any excess costs of a school facilities project as determined in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3;
 - c. By Board resolution for the transfer of funds to the line items in the capital outlay major account/fund to fund the total costs, less any excess costs, of another capital project, which would otherwise be eligible for State support, as

- determined in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3;
- d. By Board resolution for the transfer of funds to the capital projects fund pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-4, after receiving voter approval, as of the capital reserve use and specific amount in an approved referendum or resolutions pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.7;
 - e. By Board resolution after receiving voter approval, as applicable, except as authorized in N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.12(c), for the transfer of funds to the line items in the capital outlay major account/fund to fund excess costs of a school facilities project and to fund the total costs for other capital projects that would not otherwise be eligible for State support as determined in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26, Educational Facilities:
 1. Voter approval, as appropriate, may be obtained through the original budget certified for taxes, in which the Board shall include a statement of purpose in the advertised budget if appropriate.
 2. The Board of Education shall include in the statement of purpose or special question for the capital project:
 - a. The total costs;
 - b. The final eligible costs;
 - c. The amount requested for withdrawal for excess costs;
 - d. A description/purpose of the capital project, or portion thereof, which the excess costs will fund; and
 - e. A statement that "The amount represents expenditures for construction elements or projects that exceed the facilities efficiency standards determined by the Commissioner as necessary to achieve the Core Curriculum Content Standards."
 3. If requesting a withdrawal for multiple capital projects, the Board of Education shall include in the statement of purpose or special question the required information identified in 8.e.(1) and (2) above separately for each individual capital project.
 4. The Board of Education shall ensure that the amount(s) approved by the voters are used exclusively for the purpose or purposes contained in the associated statement or question.
 5. For any approved amounts that remain unexpended or unencumbered at the end of the school year, the Board of Education shall:
 - a. Return such funds to the capital reserve account;
 - b. Anticipate such funds as part of the designated general fund balance of the subsequent school year budget; or
 - c. Reserve and designate such funds in the second subsequent school year budget;
 - f. By Board resolution and after receiving Commissioner approval in accordance with N.J.A.C. 6A:26-3.13, and voter approval, as appropriate, pursuant to 3.b. above and N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-14.1, for the transfer of funds to the line items in the capital outlay major account/fund for the purchase of land; or
 - g. By Board resolution for the transfer of funds to the debt service account for the purpose of offsetting locally funded principal and interest payments for bonded projects that are included in the school district's LRFP.
 9. Notwithstanding 8 above, the Board of Education may at any time, apply to the Commissioner for approval to withdraw funds from its capital reserve account for uses authorized in 2 above. The Board of Education may make a withdrawal pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-14.1 only upon receipt of written approval of the Commissioner. To obtain the Commissioner's approval, the Board of Education shall establish to the satisfaction of the Commissioner that an emergent condition exists necessitating an immediate withdrawal of capital reserve account funds.
 10. The Board of Education shall administer and account for the capital reserve account as follows:
 - a. The Board shall establish and maintain the capital reserve account in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP), and shall be subject to annual audit pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:23-1 et seq.;
 - b. If the cost to complete an approved school facilities project not funded in whole or part by school bonds exceeds the local share less excess costs, those costs up to ten percent above the local share less excess costs may be withdrawn from capital reserve funds in accordance with 8.a. above;
 - c. The Board shall transfer to the capital projects account, and account for separately with the corresponding grant, any funds withdrawn for the local share of a school facilities project that is not using school bonds or loan bonds for all or part of the local share that received a grant pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:7G-15. For any unexpended transferred capital reserve funds remaining after completion of such school facilities projects, the Board shall:
 1. Return such funds to the capital reserve account;
 2. Anticipate such funds as part of the designated general fund balance of the subsequent school year's budget; or
 3. Reserve and designate any unexpended transferred capital reserve funds in the second subsequent year's budget for tax relief.
 - d. Pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:21-3, the Board of Education shall increase the capital reserve account by the earnings attributable to the investment of the account's assets, and;
 1. Anticipate as miscellaneous income any investment income included in the original annual general fund budget certified for taxes; and
 2. Include any investment earnings in the maximum amount of capital reserve permitted in 7 above.

- e. The Board of Education shall establish a separate account in the general fund for bookkeeping purposes only in order to account for increases to and withdrawals from the capital reserve account and its balance. The Board of Education shall record a capital reserve account on the annual audit's general fund balance sheet as follows:
 - 1. Debit: Capital Reserve Account; and
 - 2. Credit: Reserved Fund Balance—Capital Reserve Account.
- 11. Funds in capital reserve accounts in existence prior to July 18, 2000 are subject to the Educational Facilities Construction and Financing Act (EFCFA), P.L. 2000, c. 72, and N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-14, and the Board of Education shall only use such funds for the original purpose for which the funds were deposited.
 - a. If the original purpose is outside the scope of the Board's approved LRFP, the Board of Education shall account for such funds separately in the capital reserve fund and appropriate the funds as revenue for such purposes in the annual budget certified for taxes. The Board of Education shall restore to the capital reserve account for use pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-14 any unexpended capital outlay appropriations up to the amount of such capital reserve funds appropriated. Expenditures shall be charged first to unrestricted capital outlay fund sources with capital reserve account appropriations expended last. The Board of Education shall not deposit any additional funds into the capital reserve account pursuant to 3 through 6 above for such pre-July 18, 2000 purposes.
 - b. If the original purpose is within the scope of the school district's approved LRFP, the Board of Education shall make withdrawals pursuant to 8. above, except that if voter approval of excess costs or another capital project was obtained when the funds were deposited into the capital reserve account, the Board, by such approval, shall be deemed to have satisfied the requirement for approval of excess costs or other capital projects in 8.b. above.

B. Maintenance Reserve Account

- 1. The Board of Education shall establish, by resolution, a maintenance reserve account to be used to implement required maintenance of the school district's facilities. The Board of Education is prohibited from using such funds for routine or capital maintenance.
- 2. The Board of Education shall establish and maintain the maintenance reserve account in accordance with GAAP, and such account shall be subject to annual audit pursuant to N.J.S.A. 18A:23-1 et seq.
- 3. The Board of Education may increase the balance in the maintenance reserve account by appropriating funds in the annual general fund budget certified for taxes.
- 4. The Board of Education may by resolution withdraw such funds from the maintenance reserve account and appropriate into the required maintenance account lines at budget time or any time during the year for use on required maintenance activities for a school facility as reported in the comprehensive maintenance plan pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:26A-4.
 - a. Funds withdrawn from the maintenance reserve account are restricted to required maintenance appropriations. The Board of Education shall not transfer such funds to any other line-item account.
- 5. In any year that maintenance reserve account funds are withdrawn, the Board of Education shall restore any unexpended required maintenance appropriations, up to the amount of maintenance reserve account funds withdrawn, to the maintenance reserve account at year-end.
- 6. The Board of Education shall, by resolution, transfer to the general fund on an annual basis any interest earned on the investments in the maintenance reserve account. Such interest may be transferred on a more frequent basis at the discretion of the Board of Education.
- 7. The Board of Education shall ensure that the maintenance reserve account balance does not, at any time, exceed four percent of the replacement cost of the school district's school facilities for the current year. If the account exceeds this maximum amount at June 30, the Board of Education shall reserve and designate such excess in the subsequent year's budget.

C. Supplementation of Capital Reserve and Maintenance Reserve Accounts

- 1. The Board of Education may supplement a capital reserve account through a transfer by Board resolution of any unanticipated revenue and/or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts anticipated at year end for withdrawal in subsequent school years. Any such transfer resolution shall be adopted by the Board no earlier than June 1 and no later than June 30 of the respective school year.
- 2. The Board of Education may supplement a maintenance reserve account through a transfer by Board resolution of any unanticipated revenue and/or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts anticipated at year end, for withdrawal in subsequent school years. Any such transfer resolution shall be adopted by the Board no earlier than June 1 and no later than June 30 of the respective school year.

D. Establishment of Other Reserve Accounts

- 1. The Board of Education may through the adoption of a Board resolution establish the following reserve accounts:
 - a. Current Expense Emergency Reserve Account.
 - 1. The funds in the reserve shall be used to finance unanticipated general fund current expense costs required for T&E. For the purpose of the emergency reserve account "unanticipated" shall mean reasonably unforeseeable and shall not include additional costs caused by poor planning or error.

2. The account shall not exceed \$250,000 or one percent of the school district's general fund budget as certified for taxes up to a maximum of \$1,000,000, whichever is greater.
 3. The Board of Education may appropriate funds to establish or supplement the reserve in the school district's annual budget or through a transfer by Board resolution of any unanticipated revenue and/or unexpended line-item appropriation amounts anticipated at year end. Any such transfer resolution shall be adopted by the Board no earlier than June 1 and no later than June 30 of the respective school year.
 4. Withdrawals from the reserve shall require the approval of the Commissioner unless the withdrawal is necessary to meet an increase in total health care costs in excess of four percent, for which the district did not receive an automatic adjustment for health care costs pursuant to N.J.A.C. 6A:23A-11.4. Total health care costs include medical insurance and prescription drug insurance costs.
- b. Debt service reserve account in the debt service fund for proceeds from the sale of school district property. For the purposes of the debt service reserve account "property" shall mean land, buildings, and other property that was incidental to the sale of land or a building. The funds in the reserve shall be used by the district first to reduce the outstanding principal amount at the earliest call date or to annually reduce the debt service principal payments. The funds may be used for any outstanding debt obligation or debt obligations of the school district. The reserve shall be liquidated within the lesser of five years from its inception or the remaining term on the obligations. Any remaining balance shall be used for tax relief.
- c. Tuition adjustment reserve account in the general fund for up to ten percent of the estimated tuition cost in the contract year for an anticipated tuition adjustment in the third year following the contract year. In such case, the Board of Education shall:
1. Establish the tuition adjustment reserve account at June 30 by Board resolution;
 2. Make full appropriation of the reserve for the tuition adjustment in the third year following the contract year;
 3. Exclude from the cap calculation the budgeted fund balance and appropriation of the tuition adjustment reserve in the third year following the contract year for such tuition adjustments; and
 4. Transfer to the general fund, by Board resolution, any interest earned on the investments in a tuition adjustment reserve account on an annual basis. Such transfer may be made on a more frequent basis at the discretion of the Board of Education.

E. Reserve Accounts Recorded in Accordance with GAAP

1. All reserve accounts shall be recorded in accordance with GAAP and subject to annual audit. Any capital gains or interest earned shall become part of the reserve account. A separate bank account is not required; however, a separate identity for each reserve account shall be maintained.

Adopted:

North Hunterdon Voorhees School District
