**Italy’s Unification 1848-1870**

**Risorgimento – Italian nationalist movement meaning resurgence, recreation of the Roman Empire**

**Giuseppe Mazzini –Italian nationalist, no king\Pope but Republic**

**King Victor Emmanuel II of Sardina (North)**

**Camillo Benso di Cavour – Chief Minister of Sardina**

**Giuseppe Garibaldi – Southern nationalist, Expedition of the Thousand**

**1870 – Rome joins**

**1871 – Rome is the capitol**

**Germany’s Unification**

**Holy Roman Empire(HRE) – Austria\Vienna, loose organization of states**

**Prussia – militaristic state, emerges as very powerful, challenges states\countries**

**Congress of Vienna – Quadruple Alliance – No HRE but German Confederation**

**German Nationalism looked to Prussia who was German\powerful**

**Austria not so Germanic, many nationalities, look to the Balkans and Italy**

**Zollverein – economic unification of German states, not including Austria**

**National Assembly – attempt to politically unify but no agreement**

**King William I of Prussia and Otto von Bismarck (brash\outspoken) 1861:**

1. **Anti democracy\parliament – power in the state’s hands not the people’s**
2. **Expand Prussia**
3. **Prussia to lead the way for unification**
4. **Pro militaristic – that was how unity would be achieved**

**Prussian Parliament unhappy with Bismarck, deny him money, he collects taxes on his own and breaks the constitution**

**Wars of Unification**

1. **Danish War – 2 states**
2. **Seven Weeks War – Between Austria and Prussia, Prussia new modern army destroys Austria**

* **Treaty of Prague – Prussia now in charge, disbands German Confederation**
* **North German Confederation – King of Prussia was President and Prussia dominated legislature**

1. **Franco Prussian War – How do we unite the north and south??? Common enemy\war……FRANCE!**

* **Occupied France, lost Alsace\Lorraine, and indemnity**
* **Treaty signed in the Hall of Mirrors creating the German Empire**

**German Empire – Berlin capital**

* **Weak constitution**
* **Emperor\Kaiser William I**
* **Bismarck – Iron Chancellor very powerful, wants absolute monarch**
* **Bundesrat and Reichstag – very weak, Prussia in control**
* **Conflict**
* **Kulturkampf – anti Catholic**
* **Industrial giant**
* **Social Democratic Party – social reform**
* **Kaiser William II – army navy, conflict with Great Britain**