**Road to Independence: Issues Behind the Revolution**

**Treaty of Paris:** In 1763, Representatives from \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ signed this treaty that ended the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the Seven Years War in Europe. France also had to turn over present-day \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and they surrendered all land east of Mississippi River. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was given to Spain through a secret treaty a year earlier. In conclusion, British trade \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for Florida to Spain.

**Weakened Loyalty to Britain:** **How?** 1) Lost of respect for British military power-Americans shocked by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ of British military tactics. 2) British did not treat them with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_-Did not hold same values as the colonists. 3) French do not control Canada or region west of Appalachian Mountains-Colonists see no reason why they should not expand without British help. Feelings would lead to a rift between \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.

**Reasons That Lead to Independence:** George II becomes king at age 22 (1760) and Britain is now going to try to control the colonies through laws and taxes.

1. **Geographical Consideration:** Independent streak desiring more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and more \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
2. **Colonial Legislature:** Many ways independent of the crown. They \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, muster troops, and pass laws.
3. **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_:** British believed in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which colonists follow the Salutary Neglect which external trade was laxed.
4. **The Enlightenment:** Writings by Thomas Hobbes, John Locke, Jean-Jacques Rousseau wrote about topics such as \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Separation of Powers).

**Changes British Policy:** British show interest in the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Ohio River Valley. The Native Americans are concerned by this since British have different values for land than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The British end up stopping trade with Indian protestors which leads to **\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.** This rebellion was against the British along the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ where Native Americans destroy every British fort in area west of Appalachians. American army reeled for setbacks, while British government tried to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This lead to the **Proclamation of 1763.** This proclamation closed the region west of the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to all settlement by colonists. Even with the proclamation, colonists continue to move west to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and Britain did not stop them.

**Financial Issues:** The British were also most heavily taxed people in the world and it skyrocketed even more during the French and Indian War. Britain had struggled with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ while Americans were prospering. Finance Minister George Greenville wrote “Why shouldn’t these colonists begin to pay some of the costs of their own government and defense?” This leads to a series of events of payments and taxes.

1. **Sugar Act of 1764:** Lower tax that would make Americans buy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and pay taxes rather than risk \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The British would seize \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ if they forgot to pay \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Smuggling cases were tried in British courts in a British court system where there was no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and the judge alone. The judge also received \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ percent commission on illegal cargoes and fines.
2. **Quartering Act of 1765:** Law required the colonists to provide \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for British troops in America. This violated the American rights.
3. **Stamp Act of 1765:** This was a tax on \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Stamp printed on material to show that tax had been paid. The people would pay for cost of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This was the first real indication of taxing to raise money. This was also the first act that affects \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ including Printers, Merchants, and Attorney’s. This led to the forming of the **Stamp Act Congress**. This congress started with nine colonies meeting in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ to hold a meeting about the Stamp Act itself. An attorney and the main organizer of the Stamp Act Congress named \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ challenged Britain’s authority for \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ used to enter any home. They had also challenged that Britain had no right to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They also brought up the simple fact of no \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They concluded their meetings by sending petitions to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. The Stamp Act Congress was not the only group to take action, but also the **Sons/Daughters of Liberty.** These were organized boycotts of British goods. These boycotts would lead to refusing to buy \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as an act of protest. The **Boston Sons of Liberty** showed most powerful protests which were led by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This group started by visiting person who distributed \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They said to the distributors to resign or \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Next, Thomas Hutchinson who was the \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ had his home destroyed after he was thrown out of his house. When the actual Stamp Act was to take effect in colonies, most distributors \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This lead to a protest in Britain by \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This leads to Greenville resigning and the repeal of the Stamp Act in 1766.
4. **Declaratory Act:** Parliament could \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ for colonists in “all cases.”
5. **Townshend Acts:** Placing duties on certain imported goods like \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Hoped to satisfy the colonists by raising money through duties rather than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Money would be used for “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.” Violence starts again because of taxation without consent. Pay goes to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in America, who would not have to pay legislature. Congress in colonies agrees to stop importing \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
6. **Boston Massacre:** Britain sends troops to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ (Townshend Act). On March 5th, 1770, a small crowd threatened squad of British soldiers that lead to soldier’s \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ on crowd leaving 5 dead. There were nine soldiers put on trial where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ was their attorney. There were 7 found not guilty where 2 were \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ as punishment and were released. This led to Parliament \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ except for tea. Bostonians form and coordinate a resistance throughout the colonies called **Committee of Correspondence**.
7. **Boston Tea Party:** (May 1773) Parliament passed Tea Act where the British could sell tea \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. This would make the East India Company’s tea less \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ than \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ tea. Sale agents of this tea were again threatened to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and ports would not let \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. On Dec 6th, 1773, Americans disguised themselves as Indians and boarded three ships in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ and broke every \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.
8. **Intolerable Acts or Coercive Acts:** This act had limited town meetings to once a year and suspended \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ general court. This also extended boundary South to Ohio River which would strip claims to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Committee of Correspondence called for a meeting to plan a \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ which led to the First Continental Congress.
9. **First Continental Congress:** Sept 5th, 1774, 56 delegates met at Carpenter’s Hall in \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. They met where they came up with a plan to boycott \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ themselves and form \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_, write a direct appeal to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. On October 26th, Congress ended and they vowed to meet again if problems. On November 18th, the King writes “New England governments are in state of rebellion, blows must decide.”
10. **Fighting at Lexington and Concord:** The \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ followed the call of 1st Continental Congress. The Massachusetts Patriots formed militias and began to gather \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ in Concord, Massachusetts. In April 18th, 1775, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ British troops moved out of Boston and marched toward Concord to \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_. Paul Revere, William Dawes, and Dr. Samuel Prescott rode on horseback through country side to warn Concord that “\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_.” The British destroyed some militia’s supplies. As troops were returning to Boston, \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Patriots gathered along road and shot at them from behind trees and stone walls. \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ British were killed with \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ wounded where \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Patriots total were either killed, wounded, or missing. This lead to the beginning of THE REVOLUTIONARY WAR.