**CP World History Midterm Exam Study Guide**

**Chapter 17: Renaissance/Reformation:**

1. Renaissance (Definition)
	1. How would you best describe it?
	2. What can you learn from Renaissance art?
2. Italy’s advantages that made it the birthplace of the Renaissance. Explain
3. Humanism
4. Secular
5. Patrons
6. Perspective:
7. Leonardo
	1. What is he known for and why?
8. Raphael:
	1. What is he known for and why?
9. Machiavelli:
	1. What is he known for and why?
10. Northern Renaissance (Explain what this is and the differences between Italian/Northern Renaissance).
11. Johannes Gutenberg
	1. What does he invent?
	2. Explain why this has a huge impact on not just society then, but in the future societies?
12. Protestant Reformation: Name all of the causes of the Reformation
13. Martin Luther
	1. Teachings
	2. 95 Theses (Explain)
	3. Catholic Church Response to Luther (Explain)
14. Henry VIII: Why is he responsible for the Anglican Church?
15. John Calvin (What is his belief of predestination)?
16. Catholic Reformation
	1. How does the Catholic Church respond to the Protestant Reformation?
	2. What are the steps they take in order to improve themselves?

**Chapter 18: Ottoman Empire (Explain every key person and event below)**

1. Ottomans:
2. Sultan:
3. Mehmed II:
4. Suleyman the Lawgiver:
5. Janissaries:
6. Safavid Empire:
	1. Explain the causes of cultural blending.
7. Shah:
8. What led to the decline of Safavid Empire:
9. Mughal Empire:
10. Akbar:
	1. Blended Cultures:
	2. Arts and Literatures:
	3. Akbar’s Successors:
11. Shah Jahan:
12. Aurangzeb’s Reign
13. What led to the decline of Mughal Empire? More than 1 answer

**Chapter 19: Age of Exploration**

1. Bartolomeu Dias
2. What does Portugal claim and why is this significant?
3. Christopher Columbus
	1. Who does he sail for? What do they claim? Why is this significant?
4. Dutch East India Company (Who do they try to compete with and why is this significant)?
5. British and French Traders:
6. China and Japan (What are the different reasons for each country to become isolated from European nations)? Explain.

**Chapter 20: The Atlantic World**

1. Columbian Exchange (Explain the significance and changes that were made through this exchange)
	1. Global Trade
	2. Joint Stock Companies
2. Mercantilism
3. Favorable Balance of Trade
4. Hernando Cortes
	1. Explain how Cortes took over the Aztec Empire.

**Chapter 21: Absolute Monarchs of Europe**

1. Phillip II
	1. Defender of Catholic Church
2. Why does the Spanish Empire weaken? (More than 1 sentence)
3. Absolute Monarchs:
4. Divine Right:
5. What were the cries that lead to absolutism?
6. Louis XIII
7. Cardinal Richelieu
8. Louis XIV
9. How does Louis XIV weaken the nobility authority?
10. War of Spanish Succession
11. Thirty Years War
12. Hapsburg Triumphs and Defeats
13. Maria Theresa
14. Frederick the Great
15. Seven Years War

**Chapter 22: Enlightenment and Revolution (Explain every event or person and what they are responsible for).**

1. Scientific Revolution:
2. Geocentric/Heliocentric Theories:
3. Nicolaus Copernicus:
4. Tycho Brahe:
5. Galileo:
6. Scientific Method:
7. Isaac Newton:
8. Enlightenment:
9. Philosophes 5 Core Beliefs:
10. Thomas Hobbes
	1. What does he write, what type of government? Explain in full detail.
11. John Locke
	1. What does he write, what type of government? Explain in full detail.
12. Voltaire
	1. What does he write, what type of government? Explain in full detail.
13. Montesquieu:
	1. What does he write, what type of government? Explain in full detail.
14. Rousseau:
	1. What does he write, what type of government? Explain in full detail.
15. Beccaria:
	1. What does he write, and what does he introduce? Explain in full detail.
16. Describe the Legacies of the Enlightenment
17. Salons:
18. Encylopedia:
19. American Revolution:
	1. Who was it influenced by?

**Chapter 23: French Revolution and Napoleon**

1. Old Regime
2. Three Estates:
	1. % of population each estate covered
	2. Job Titles
	3. How many votes did they receive within government
	4. Did this estate pay taxes?
	5. What is the problem with this system?
3. How do Enlightened ideas help spread a revolution?
4. Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette
	1. Why was their poor leadership within France?
5. Estates General (Why do the first two estates try to keep the Third Estate out)?
6. National Assembly
7. Tennis Court Oath
8. Storming of the Bastille
9. Committee of Public Safety
10. Great Fear
11. Declaration of Rights of Man and Citizens
12. Legislative Assembly
13. Jacobins
14. Maximilien Robbiespiere
15. Reign of Terror
16. Napoleon:
	1. Napoleonic Code?
	2. Conquering Europe? His plans and how did he try to go about this?
	3. Why was he welcomed by the people of France?
	4. How does Napoleon seize power?
	5. Reason for Napoleon’s failure to conquer Russia
	6. 100 Days refers to what?