

1. Which of the following represent (list all that qualify for each and be able to support your answer)

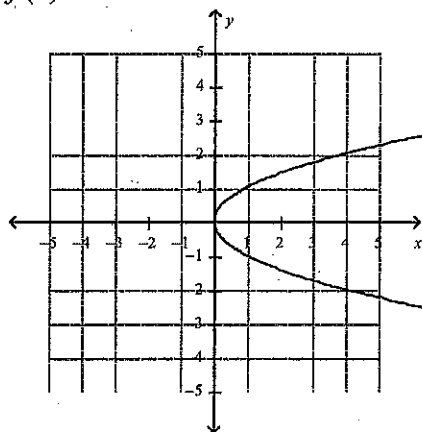
(a) relations a, b, c, d, e, f and (b) functions a, c, d, f

a. $\{(1,2), (2,3), (-1,4), (-3,-2)\}$

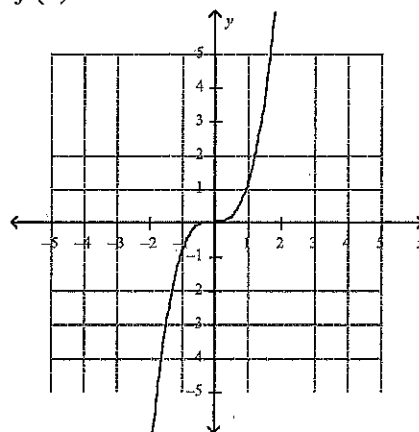
b. $\{(-3,2), (1,3), (-5,4), (-3,-2)\}$

c. $f(x) = x + 2$

d. $f(x) = x^2 - 3x + 4$



e.



f.

2. Find the domain and range for each of the following functions. (Use appropriate set builder notation)

a. $y = \lceil x \rceil$

b. $f(x) = 5(2^x)$

c. $y = \frac{2}{-x}$

d. $f(t) = -2t^2 - 18$

$\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$\{x \mid x \neq 0, x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$\{x \mid x \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$\{y \mid y \in \mathbb{Z}\}$

$\{y \mid y > 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$\{y \mid y \neq 0, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$\{y \mid y \leq -18, y \in \mathbb{R}\}$

3. Let $f(x) = 9x - 2$ $g(x) = 2x$

$h(x) = x^2 - 3x$

$d(x) = \frac{1}{x+1}$

$k(x) = \frac{1}{2}x$

a. Evaluate $f(g(-1))$

$f(g(-1)) = 2(-1) - 2 = -2$

b. Evaluate $g(f(-1))$

$g(f(-1)) = 2(-1) = -2$

c. Evaluate $g(d(3))$

$d(3) = \frac{1}{3+1} = \frac{1}{4}$
 $g(\frac{1}{4}) = 2(\frac{1}{4}) = \frac{1}{2}$

$f(-2) = 9(-2) - 2 = -20$

$g(-1) = 2(-1) = -2$

d. Find the simplified equation for $f(g(x))$

$f(g(x)) = 9(2x) - 2 = 18x - 2$

e. Find the simplified equation for $h(g(x))$

$h(g(x)) = (2x)^2 - 3(2x) = 4x^2 - 6x$

f. Are $g(x)$ and $f(x)$ inverses? (show work)

$f(g(x)) = 18x - 2$
 $g(f(x)) = 2(9x - 2) = 18x - 4$

No

g. Are $g(x)$ and $k(x)$ inverses? (show work)

$g(k(x)) = 2(\frac{1}{2}x) = x$
 $h(g(x)) = \frac{1}{2}(2x) = x$

Yes

4. Which translation has the effect on a graph of moving each point 3 units down and 8 units to the right? (Circle one)

- a. $T(x,y) = (x-3, y+8)$ b. $T(x,y) = (x+8, y-3)$ c. $T(x,y) = (x-8, y+3)$ d. $T(x,y) = (x-8, y-3)$

5. Which dilation/scale change has the effect on a graph of *stretching* horizontally by a factor of 15 and *shrinking* vertically by a factor of 6? (Circle one)

- a. $S(x,y) = (15x, 6y)$ b. $S(x,y) = \left(\frac{x}{15}, 6y\right)$ c. $S(x,y) = \left(15x, \frac{y}{6}\right)$ d. $S(x,y) = \left(\frac{x}{15}, \frac{y}{6}\right)$

6. Find an equation (in $y=$ form) for the image of $y = x^2$ under the transformation:

- a. $T(x,y) = (x+3, y-2)$ b. $S(x,y) = \left(5x, \frac{y}{2}\right)$
- Handwritten:* $y = (x+3)^2 - 2$ $2y = \left(\frac{x}{5}\right)^2$
 $y = \frac{x^2}{50}$

Describe in words what happened to the parent function after each transformation:

- a. Moved 3 units right and 2 units down b. Stretch' Horiz. by a factor of 5
shrank vert. by a factor of 1/2

7. Find the equation (in $y=$ form) for the image of $y = |x|$ under the transformation.

- a. $T(x,y) = (x-3, y+4)$ b. $S(x,y) = \left(\frac{x}{3}, 4y\right)$
- Handwritten:* $y = |x+3| + 4$ $\frac{y}{4} = |3x|$
 $y = 4|3x|$

8. What is the rule for the transformation that maps $y = \sqrt{x}$ onto the graph $y = \sqrt{10x}$

- a. Describe: Horizontally shrink by factor of 10 b. $(x,y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{10}, y\right)$

9. What is the rule for the transformation that maps the graph of $y = \frac{1}{x}$ onto the graph of $y = \frac{3}{2x}$?

- a. Describe: shrink horiz by 1/2
stretch vert. by 3 b. $(x,y) \rightarrow \left(\frac{x}{2}, 3y\right)$

10. What transformation maps the graph of $y = 5^x$ onto the graph of $y = 5^x + 9$?

a. Describe: moved up 9

b. $(x, y) \rightarrow$ $(x, y + 9)$

11. What transformation maps the graph of $y = \sqrt{x}$ onto the graph of $y = \sqrt{x+25} - 18$?

a. Describe: left by 25
Down 18

b. $(x, y) \rightarrow$ $(x-25, y-18)$

12. Determine if each function is odd, even, or neither. If the function is odd or even, prove it.

a. $f(x) = 8x^3$

b. $f(x) = 5x^2 - x^4$

c. $f(x) = |3x - 4|$

d. $f(x) = |x| - 3$

odd

even

Neither

even

$$f(-x) = 8(-x)^3$$

$$= -8x^3$$

$$f(-x) = -f(x)$$

$$f(-x) = 5(-x)^2 - (-x)^4$$

$$= 5x^2 - x^4$$

$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

$$f(-x) = |-x| - 3$$

$$= |x| - 3$$

$$f(-x) = f(x)$$

13. If (p, q) is a point on the graph of a relation, what point must be on the graph of its inverse? (Circle one)

a. $(-p, q)$

b. $(p, -q)$

c. $(-p, -q)$

d. (q, p)

Use the graph to the right to answer questions 14-18.

14. Give the formal name and equation for this parent function.

Inverse (Reciprocal) $y = \frac{1}{x}$

15. What kind of symmetry does this graph have?

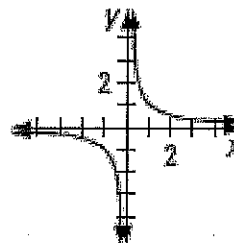
Point Symmetry
(Symmetric to the origin)

16. Justify your answer to #15.

$$f(-x) = \frac{1}{-x}$$

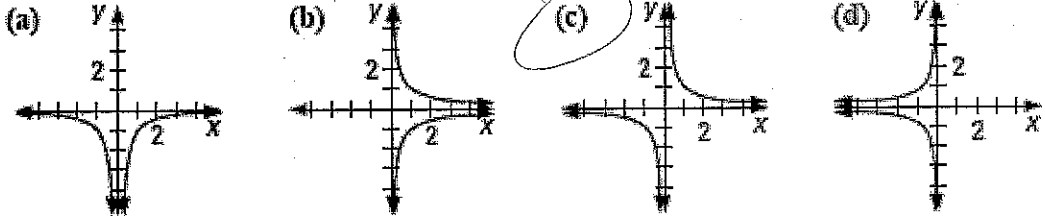
$$= -\left(\frac{1}{x}\right)$$

$$f(-x) = -f(x)$$



17. Which graph is the inverse of this function?

$x = \frac{1}{y} \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{x}$



18. Is the inverse a function? Justify your answer.

Yes, it passes the vertical line test and the original passes the horizontal line test.

19. Find the equation of the inverse to the following equations:

a. $y = 2x + 7$

$x = \frac{y-7}{2}$

b. $y = \frac{2}{x+1}$

$z = \frac{2}{y+1}$
 $x(y+1) = 2$
 $y = \frac{2}{x} - 1$

c. $y = 5x^2$

$x = \sqrt{\frac{y}{5}}$

Function: Y or N

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Function: Y or N

20. Write the inverse of the given relation: $\{(0,1), (1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (4,5)\}$

(No function)

$\{(1,0), (1,1), (2,2), (3,3), (5,4)\}$

21. a) A manufacturing company packs boxes of whiteboard marker 4-packs to be shipped to various retail stores such as Staples. Each box can fit 36 packs. Write an equation that would represent the number of boxes B to hold x number of whiteboard marker packets.

$B(x) = \left\lceil \frac{x}{36} \right\rceil$

b) Use your equation to determine how many boxes will be needed for 375 packs of markers.

$B(375) = \left\lceil \frac{375}{36} \right\rceil = \lceil 10.42 \rceil = 11$

c) Sketch a graph of this situation.

